

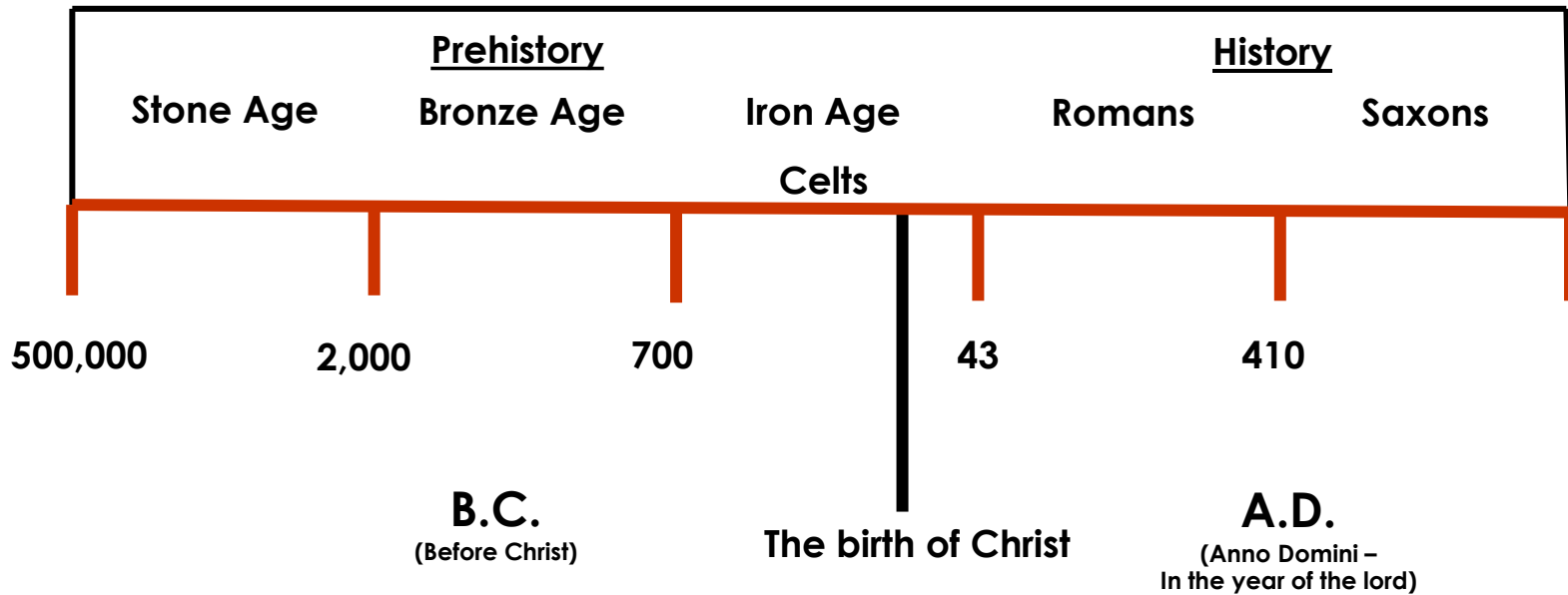


# Year 3 : The Prehistoric World – Stone Age

Subject Specific Vocabulary		Working as a Historian	Sticky Knowledge	
<b>archaeologist</b>	A person who learns about the past by digging up artefacts and studying them.	 <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>❑ Use a timeline to understand when the Stone Age occurred compared to other historical periods.</li> <li>❑ Identify key features of Stone Age life and how farming changed the way of life.</li> <li>❑ Identify the achievements of that period including Stonehenge.</li> <li>❑ Use different sources of evidence to discover how life changed as Britain moved into the Bronze and Iron Ages.</li> </ul>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>❑ The Stone Age period is said to have started around 3 million years ago when humans started to live in Europe.</li> </ul>	
<b>artefact</b>	An object made by a human being.		<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>❑ The Stone Age was followed by the Bronze Age period. This is when humans started to use metal.</li> </ul>	
<b>Palaeolithic</b>	The first era of the Stone Age – ‘old stone age’.		<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>❑ The Bronze Age was followed by the Iron Age when tools and weapons became more advanced and were used for farming, hunting and fighting.</li> </ul>	
<b>Neolithic</b>	The final era of the Stone Age – ‘new stone age’.		<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>❑ During the Palaeolithic Age (old Stone Age), people gathered food by hunting wild animals and birds, fishing, and collecting fruits and nuts.</li> </ul>	
<b>Prehistory</b>	History before people could read or write to record it. We know what happened thanks to artefacts left behind.		<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>❑ During the Neolithic Age (towards end of the Stone Age), the humans formed settled communities and domesticated plants and animals for the first time in history.</li> </ul>	
<b>civilisation</b>	An organised society and their culture and way of life at a particular period of time.		<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>❑ Skara Brae is an archaeological site found on the Orkney Islands in Scotland. It is a Stone Age village that has been well preserved.</li> </ul>	
<b>tribe</b>	A group of people who live together for protection.			<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>❑ Stonehenge is a famous Stone Age monument in Wiltshire.</li> </ul>
<b>hunter-gatherers</b>	People who lived by hunting and collecting wild food, rather than by farming.			
<b>settlement</b>	A place where a group of people live together in many buildings.			
<b>monument</b>	Something built to remember an important person or event.			

# Chronology



## Important Places

**Skara Brae** - Skara Brae is a stone-built Neolithic settlement, located on the largest island in the Orkney Islands in Scotland. It is one of the best preserved Stone Age settlements in Europe and gives us a good idea of what Stone Age Britain was like.



**Stonehenge**- A prehistoric monument in Wiltshire, England. It consists of a ring of standing stones with each stone about 4 metres high, 2 metres wide and weighing about 25,000 kilograms!